

XORP: An eXtensible Open Router Platform



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Networking research: divorced from reality?



Gap between research and practice in routing and forwarding

Most of the important Internet protocols originated in research, often at universities.

It used to be that researchers designed systems, *built implementations, tried them out*, and standardized the ones that *survived and proved useful*.

What happened?

Networking research: why the divorce?



The commercial Internet

Network stability is critical, so experimentation is difficult

Major infrastructure vendors not motivated to support experimentation

Network simulators

High-quality simulators make a lingua franca for research

Simulation is not a substitute for experimentation



Many questions require real-world traffic and/or routing information

Most grad students:

Give up, implement their protocol in *ns*

Set *ns* parameters based on guesses, existing scripts

Write a paper that may or may not bear any relationship to reality

We need to be able to run experiments when required!

The state of the art



Open APIs facilitate end-system protocol development

WWW, RTP, SIP, RTSP, ...

Open-source OSes do the same for kernel changes

TCP SACK, IGMPv3, ...

Also a history of experimentation in commercial OSes (affiliated labs)

Overlay networks may help with end-system/network interactions

Field in its infancy

What about protocols that affect the routers?



Option 1:

- Persuade Cisco to implement your protocol;
- Persuade ISPs that your protocol won't destabilize their networks;
- Conduct experiment.

Option 2:

- Implement routing protocol part in MRTd, GateD, or Zebra;
- Implement forwarding part in FreeBSD, Linux, Click, Scout, ...;
- Persuade network operators to replace their Ciscos with your PC;
- Conduct experiment.

Likelihood of success?



Possible solutions



Solution 1:

A router vendor opens their development environment and APIs.

Thus, new router applications can be written and deployed by third parties.

Basic router functionality cannot be changed.

Solution 2:

Someone (*hint, hint*) builds a complete open-source router software stack explicit designed for extensibility *and* robustness.

Adventurous network operators deploy this router on their networks; it develops a reputation for stability and configurability.

Result: a fully extensible platform suitable for research *and* deployment.

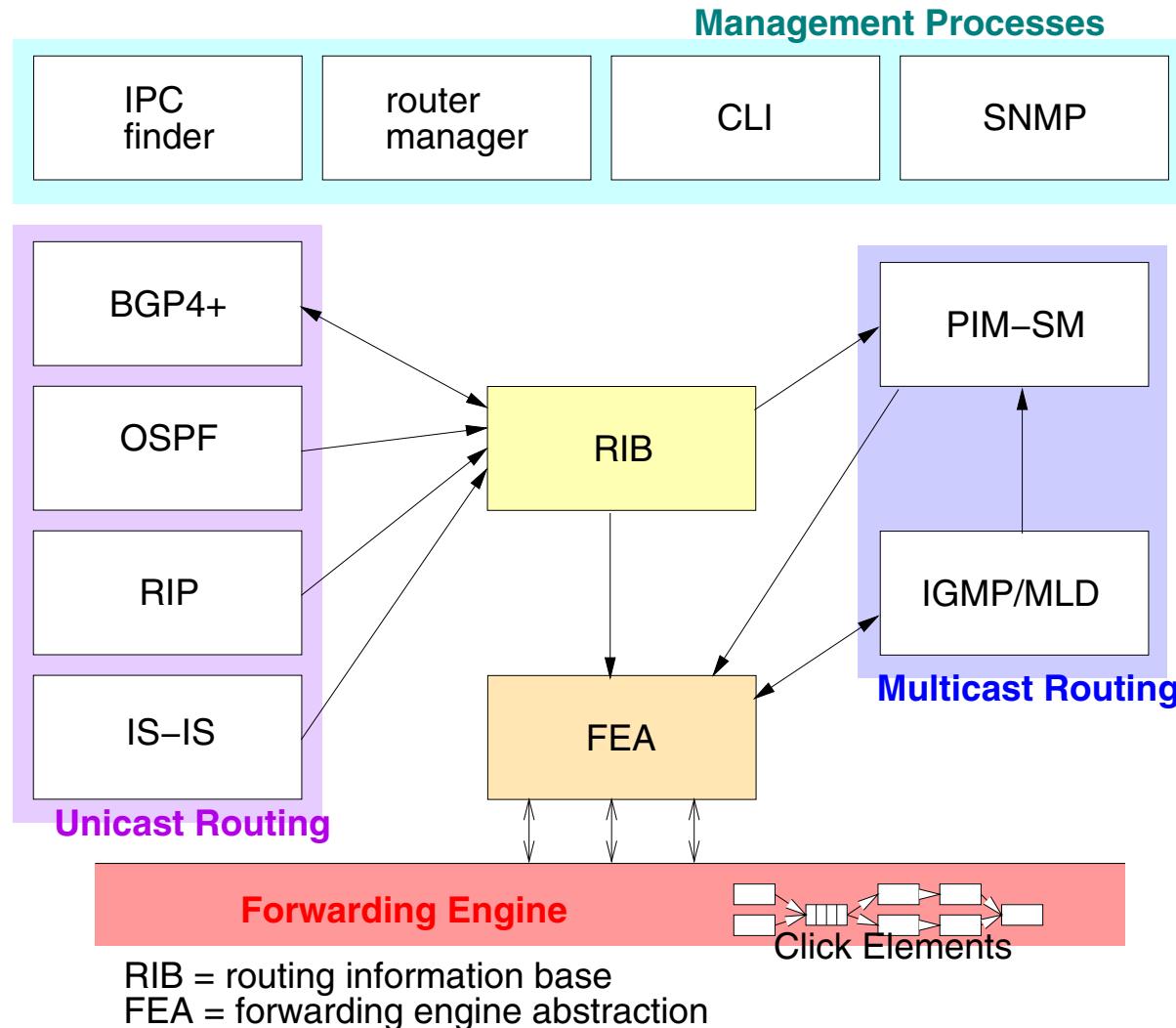
XORP



eXtensible Open Router Platform

Complete software stack for an IP router, including routing protocols, management interfaces, and forwarding path

Architecture



Four challenges



Features

Real-world routers must support a long feature list

Extensibility

Every aspect of the router should be extensible

Multiple extensions should be able to coexist

Performance

Not core routers, but edge routing is hard enough

Raw forwarding performance, scalability in routing table size

Robustness

Must not crash or misroute packets

Features



IPv4 and IPv6

Unicast routing protocols

BGP4+, OSPF, RIPv2/RIPng, Integrated IS-IS

Multicast

PIM-SM/SSM, IGMPv3/MLD

DHCP, PPP

Management

SNMP, command line, WWW

Forwarding elements

Route lookup, filter/firewall, ARP, AQM, encapsulation

Extensibility: Intra-router APIs



Separate abstract request (API) from concrete request (which process? which arguments? which version?)

In particular, the caller:

- Should not care about IPC mechanism

- Should not know in advance which process is relevant

- ... unless required

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

```
finder://fea/fea/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.
```

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

`finder://fea/fea/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.0.1`

IPC mechanism: `finder`, `xudp`, `snmp`, ...

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

finder://fea/fea/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.

Module/process name: fea, rib, bgp, ...

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

finder://fea/**fea**/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.

Interface name: **fea, routing-process, ...**

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

finder://fea/fea/**1.0**/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.

Version number

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

finder://fea/fea/1.0/**add_address4**?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.

Method name: **delete_address4, get_mtu, ...**

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

finder://fea/fea/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.0.1

Arguments

Extensibility: XORP Resource Locators



XORP IPC mechanism

Like URLs for IPC

```
finder://fea/fea/1.0/add_address4?vif:txt=fxp0&addr:ipv4=10.0.
```

Library marshals arguments, implements transport, handles responses

Redirection into a single XRL or an XRL sequence

Programmer explicitly handles failure

Using XRLs



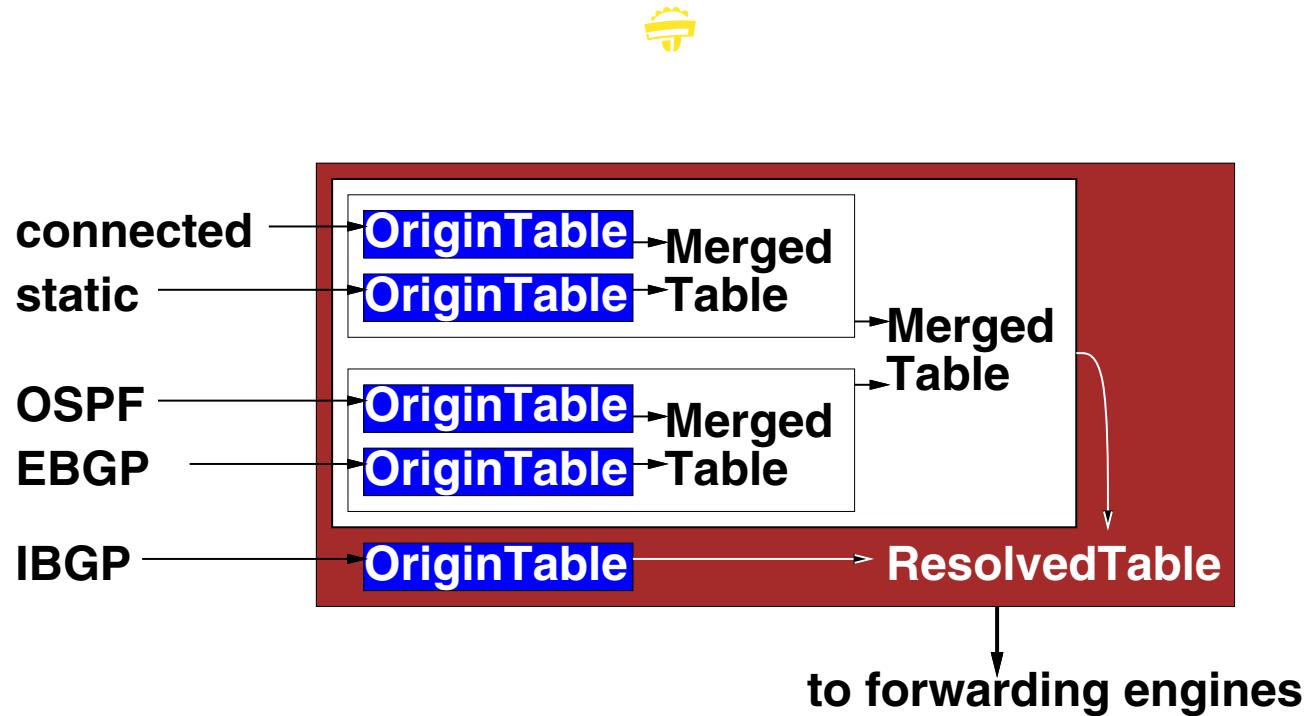
Interface files map (Juniper-style) configuration syntax ...

```
protocols ospf {  
    router-id: 128.16.64.1  
    area 128.16.0.1 {  
        interface x10 {  
            hello-interval: 30  
    } } }
```

...to XRLs

```
protocols.ospf {  
    area.ADDR {  
        interface.IFNAME {  
            hello-interval {  
                %set: xrl "ospf/area_id:ipv4=ADDR  
                & interface:txt=IFNAME  
                & ospf_if_hello_interval:i32=VALUE";  
    } } }
```

Extensibility: RIB



Object-oriented routing table design

Add new merged tables implementing new merging policies, ...

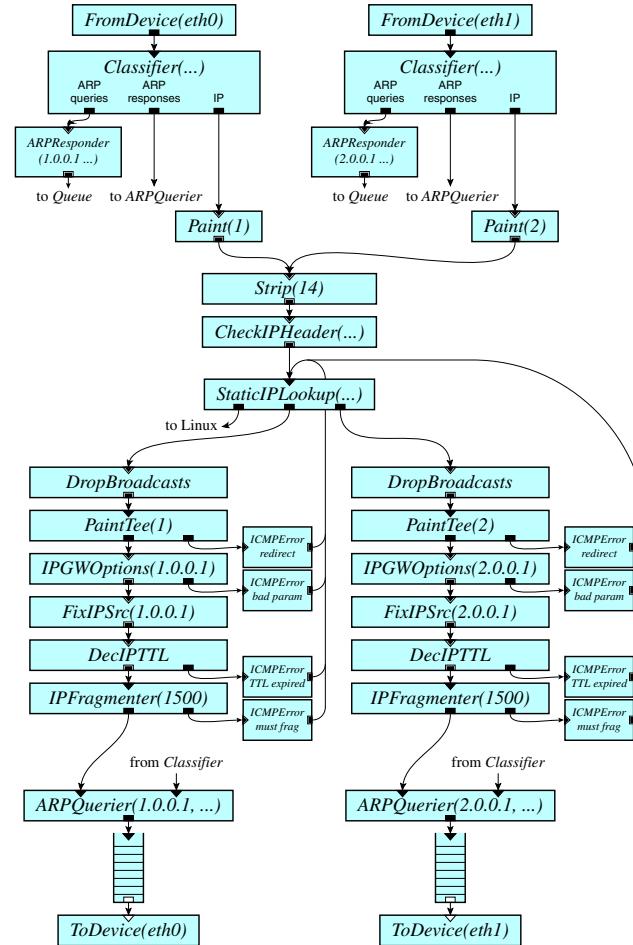
Extensibility/performance: Click forwarding path



Fast kernel forwarding

Easy to write extensions

XORP also supports native
FreeBSD forwarding



Robustness



Policy decision: Strong robustness for user-level processes

Difficult to get performance, robustness, and extensibility simultaneously

Kernel robustness through inspection of extensions

Facilitated by multi-process design

Automatically restart processes that crash

Defensive programming for shared XORP processes like RIB

XRL sandboxes

All interaction with router through XRLs, packets

Redirect XRLs to run new protocols in a sandbox

Status



Core design, IPC, RIB, Click complete

Routing tables, multicast, IPv6, Click integration in progress

All-new BGP, PIM-SM, IGMP in progress

Adapted OSPF, RIP in progress

First preliminary release within a month

Check it out! Please help!

WWW.XORP.ORG